1	$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}\right) = 3px^2 - m$		4	M1	for $3px^2$ or $-m$
	$3px^2 - m < 0 \text{ oe}$			M1	ft dep on M1 for setting up an inequality with their ' $3px^2$ '-' $m$ ' must be a two-term expression in the form $apx^2 \pm m$
	$\pm\sqrt{\frac{m}{3p}}$			B1	for both critical values
		$-\sqrt{\frac{m}{3p}} < x < \sqrt{\frac{m}{3p}}$		A1	may be seen as two separate inequalities
					Total 4 marks

2	$(3x+2)(2x-4) < 3x + 27$ oe eg $6x^2 - 8x - 8 < 3x + 27$			M1	condone incorrect symbol
	$eg 6x^2 - 11x - 35 < 0$			M1	expanding and rearranging to get a correct 3 term quadratic, condone incorrect symbol
	$(2x-7)(3x+5)$ (= 0) or $\frac{11\pm\sqrt{(-11)^2-4\times6\times(-35)}}{2\times6}$			M1	first step to find the critical values dep on M1 for solving their 3 term quadratic using any correct method (allow one sign error and some simplification – allow as far as the equivalent of $\frac{11\pm\sqrt{121+840}}{12}$ ) or if factorising, allow brackets which expanded give 2 out of 3 terms correct)
	$-\frac{5}{3}, \frac{7}{2}$			A1	oe the positive critical value only or both critical values (if both they must be correct)
		$2 < x < \frac{7}{2}$	5	Al	accept $2 \le x < \frac{7}{2}$ may be seen as two separate inequalities $x > 2$ ( $x \le 2$ ) and $x < \frac{7}{2}$
					Total 5 marks

3	(b)	$(5y+8)(y-5)$ ( $\leq 0$ )		3	M1	Correct method to solve 3 term
		or $(y =) \frac{-17 \pm \sqrt{(-17)^2 - 4 \times 5 \times -40}}{2}$				quadratic - factorising or correct
		Of (y -) 2 x 5				use of formula
		-1.6, 5 oe			A1	Correct critical values
			$-1.6 \le y \le 5$ oe		A1	Condone change of variable in
						place of y throughout this
						question.

4	$(6x - 5)(x + 7)(=0) \text{ or}$ $\frac{-37 \pm \sqrt{37^2 - 4 \times 6 \times -35}}{2 \times 6}$ $6\left[\left(x + \frac{37}{12}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{37}{12}\right)^2\right] \dots \text{ oe}$		3	M1	A correct method to solve the quadratic equation $6x^2 + 37x - 35 (= 0)$ using any correct method (if factorising, allow brackets which expanded give 2 out of 3 terms correct) (if using formula allow one sign error in substitution and some simplification – allow as far as $\frac{-37 \pm \sqrt{1369 + 840}}{12}$ ) or completing the square as far as shown on left
	$\frac{5}{6}$ oe and $-7$			A1	dep on M1 correct critical values (allow 0.83)
	Working must be seen for both accuracy marks as asked for in question	$-7 \le x \le \frac{5}{6}$		A1	dep on M1 oe eg $-7 \le x \le 0.83$ , $\left[-7, \frac{5}{6}\right]$ Accept $x \le \frac{5}{6}$ , $x \ge -7$
					Total 3 marks